- Constant

## **RULE-MAKING ORDER**

## CR-103 (June 2004)

Washington State Department of Agriculture    Effective date of rule:   Effective date of rule:     Effective date of rule:	183 30		(Implements RCW 34.05.360)
Effective date of rule:	Agency: Washington State Department of Agriculture		
□ 31 days after filing. □ Other (specify) specific finding under RCW 34.05.380(3) is required and should be stated below)  Any other findings required by other provisions of faw as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule? If Yes, explain:  Purpose: To remove the provision allowing the movement of cattle from a class A state into restricted feedlots of Washington without testing or brucellosis vaccination.  Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: Amended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05  Other authority:  PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as on (date). Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopted version:  If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: NA  Name: phone () Address: fax () ———————————————————————————————————	Effective date of rule:	Effe	
□ Other (specify)    More (Specify)   Later (specify)			Emergency Rules
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?    Per		🛛	
Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule?    Per	Other (specify) (If less than 31 days after filing, a		_ater (specify)
Purpose: To remove the provision allowing the movement of cattle from a class A state into restricted feedlots of Washington without testing or brucellosis vaccination.  Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: Amended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended:  Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05  Other authority:  PERMANENT RULE ONLY (including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as		1	
Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: Amended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05  Other authority: PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as	☐ Yes		
Citation of existing rules affected by this order: Repealed: Amended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05 Other authority: PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as	Purpose: To remove the provision allowing the movement of cattle f	rom a c	lass A state into restricted feedlots of
Repealed: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05 Other authority: PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as on (date). Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopted version:  If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: N/A  Name:	Washington without testing or brucellosis vaccination.		
Repealed: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05 Other authority: PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as on (date). Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopted version:  If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: N/A  Name:			
Repealed: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05 Other authority: PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as on (date). Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopted version:  If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: N/A  Name:			
Repealed: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended: Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05 Other authority: PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as on (date). Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopted version:  If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: N/A  Name:	Citation of existing rules affected by this order:		
Amended: WAC 16-54-082 Suspended:  Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 16.36 and 34.05  Other authority:  PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as			
Other authority:  Other autho			
Other authority:  PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making)  Adopted under notice filed as	Suspended:		
PERMANENT RULE ONLY (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as			
Adopted under notice filed as			
Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopted version:  If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: N/A  Name:			
If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: N/A  Name: Address:    phone ( )	Adopted under notice filed ason((	date).	
Name: Address:    Phone ( )	Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopte	a versi	on: .
Name: Address:    Phone ( )			
EMERGENCY RULE ONLY  Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:  ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.  ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding:  ☐ Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  NAME (TYPE OR PRINT)  Valoria H. Loveland  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34 contacting: N/A	.05.328	s, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by
EMERGENCY RULE ONLY  Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:  ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.  ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding:  ☐ Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  NAME (TYPE OR PRINT)  Valoria H. Loveland  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	Name: phone ( )		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EMERGENCY RULE ONLY  Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:  ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.  ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding:	Address: fax ( )		
Under RCW 34.05.350 the agency for good cause finds:  ☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.  ☐ That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding:  ☐ Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  ☐ CODE REVISER USE ONLY    NAME (TYPE OR PRINT)   SIGNATURE   SIGNATUR	e-mail `		
That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.  That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding:  -Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006  JAN 1 3 2006	EMERGENCY RULE ONLY		
health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.  That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding: -Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  CODE REVISER'S OFFICE STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  JAN 1 3 2006			
health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest.  That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding: -Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  CODE REVISER'S OFFICE STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  JAN 1 3 2006	☐ That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is	necess	ary for the preservation of the public
That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding:  -Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006  JAN 1 3 2006	health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the tim	e requi	rements of notice and opportunity to
immediate adoption of a rule.  Reasons for this finding: -Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  CODE REVISER'S OFFICE STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  JAN 1 3 2006	comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contr	ary to th	ne public interest.
Reasons for this finding:  -Currently department rules allow cattle from Class A states destined for restricted feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006  JAN 1 3 2006	That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline	for stat	e receipt of federal funds requires
feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  CODE REVISER'S OFFICE STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  JAN 1 3 2006	immediate adoption of a rule.		
feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination requirements. This emergency rule is necessary in order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  CODE REVISER'S OFFICE STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  JAN 1 3 2006		v cattle	from Class A states destined for restricted
order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a Class A states. According to federal regulation, all cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the state except those going to slaughter or quarantine feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006  JAN 1 3 2006	feedlots as exempt from the brucellosis import testing and vaccination	require	ments. This emergency rule is necessary in
feedlots. Quarantined feedlots are not allowed in Class free states such as Washington. This amendment will bring Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  NAME (TYPE OR PRINT)  Valoria H. Loveland  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	order to meet the federal requirements for importation of cattle from a	Class A	A states. According to federal regulation, all
Washington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to Idaho State's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A" on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Valoria H. Loveland  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	cattle from Class A states must be brucellosis tested before entering the	he state	e except those going to slaughter or quarantine
on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to prevent exposure of Washington cattle to brucellosis.  Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Valoria H. Loveland  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	Weshington State into compliance with federal regulations. Due to little	ch as V	/ashington. This amendment will bring
Date adopted: January 13, 2006  CODE REVISER USE ONLY  CODE REVISER'S OFFICE STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  JAN 1 3 2006  TITLE	on January 12, 2006 this immediate action is necessary in order to pro-	ano Sta	te's loss of status from "Class free" to "Class A"
NAME (TYPE OR PRINT) Valoria H. Loveland  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	Date adopted: January 13, 2006	event ex	posure of vvasnington cattle to brucellosis.
Valoria H. Loveland  STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	Date adopted: Variably 10, 2000		CODE REVISER USE ONLY
Valoria H. Loveland  STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED  SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006			
SIGNATURE  JAN 1 3 2006	NAME (TYPE OR PRINT)		CODE REVISER'S OFFICE
SIGNATURE JAN 1 3 2006	Valoria H. Loveland		STATE OF WASHINGTON
TITLE KING JAN 1 3 2006			
TITLE MILLER MINI	SIGNATURE , 10 - 1		
TITLE OF THE STATE	by 11/11/1 5 K. 1		JAN 13 2006
TITLE De de Clara de	1 volum 1 nm		
Director Permy Process		TIME	5:04
	Director  Washington State Department of Agriculture	WSB	06-03 (GC: CPM)
	vvasnington state Department of Agriculture	WSR	(PM)

Note: If any category is left blank, it will be calculated as zero. No descriptive text.

Count by whole WAC sections only, from the WAC number through the history note.

A section may be counted in more than one category.

Federal statute:	New		Amended	<u>1</u>	Repealed	
Federal rules or standards:	New		Amended		Repealed	
Recently enacted state statutes:	New		Amended		Repealed	
The number of sections adopted at th	i <b>e reques</b> New	t of a nongo 	<b>vernmental e</b> Amended	-	Repealed	***************************************
The number of sections adopted in th	ie agency New	's own initia		1	Repealed	
he number of sections adopted in o		arify, stream		n agency pr		
The number of sections adopted in o	r <b>der to cl</b> a	arify, stream	line, or reforr Amended	n agency pr 	ocedures: Repealed	
	New	arify, stream		n agency pr ——		
	New	arify, stream		n agency pr	Repealed	
he number of sections adopted usin	New g:	arify, stream	Amended	n agency pr		

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR16-54-082, filed 6/24/05, effective 7/25/05)

WAC 16-54-082 Domestic bovine animals. All domestic bovine animals (including bison) entering Washington shall be moved on a permit issued by the office of the state veterinarian. All domestic bovine animals (including bison) shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Tuberculosis. All beef and dairy cattle must originate from herds not under quarantine in a not less than modified accredited area. The state veterinarian may require a negative tuberculosis test within thirty days of import for cattle (including bison) from the states classified as modified accredited or accredited free if Mycobacterium bovis (M. bovis) has been cultured from a herd in that state within the previous twelve months. All Mexican cattle imported from Mexico within three years of date of importation to Washington must show proof of a tuberculosis retest at least one hundred twenty days after import to the United States. Such cattle without proof of retest must be held on the premises of destination under Hold Order/Quarantine in Washington and kept separate from all other cattle for not less than one hundred twenty nor more than one hundred eighty days from the date of entry and retested for tuberculosis during the one hundred twenty to one hundred eighty-day period.

All dairy cows and bulls six months of age or older must test negative for bovine tuberculosis within sixty days prior to entering Washington. These dairy cattle must be identified with a USDA silver identification ear tag or a RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) tag. Dairy heifers and bull calves under six months of age entering Washington must obtain a permit and upon entry will be issued a hold order/quarantine requiring the animals to proceed directly to a premise or designated facility and to be held separate from all other cattle until they test negative for bovine tuberculosis after six months of age. Dairy heifers and bull calves under six months of age must be identified with a USDA silver identification ear tag or a RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) tag. Dairy cattle that originate in an accredited tuberculosis free herd as defined by USDA in 9 CFR Chapter 1, Part 77 (January 1, 2005) and for which both an accredited herd number and date of last tuberculosis test are shown on the official interstate health certificate or certificate of veterinary inspection, dairy steers and spayed heifers being imported to restricted feedlots to be fed for slaughter, dairy cattle consigned to federally inspected slaughter plants for immediate slaughter, and dairy cattle consigned to a state federally approved livestock market to be sold directly to slaughter only are exempt from bovine tuberculosis testing under this section.

(2) Brucellosis health certificate requirements. All domestic bovine animals (including bison), except those consigned to restricted feedlots, to federally inspected slaughter plants for immediate slaughter, or beef breed cattle, slaughter only dairy breed cattle, or dairy breed cattle from Oregon, Montana, and Idaho consigned to a state-federal approved livestock market, shall be

accompanied by an official interstate health certificate and shall meet the following requirements:

- (a) Brucellosis test.
- (i) Cattle from class free and A states.
- (A) Sexually intact heifers from brucellosis quarantined herds in class free and A states shall not be imported into the state of Washington except for immediate slaughter at a federally inspected slaughter plant.
- (B) Cattle other than those referred to in (a)(i)(A) of this subsection from class free or A states which are test eligible, unless destined ((for a restricted feedlot or)) for immediate slaughter at a federally inspected slaughter establishment, or cattle from a free state destined for a restricted feedlot must be negative to an official brucellosis test conducted within thirty days prior to date of entry. Cattle not considered test eligible include:
  - (I) Calves under six months of age.
  - (II) Steers and spayed heifers.
- (III) Officially vaccinated dairy cattle under twenty months of age and officially vaccinated beef cattle under twenty-four months of age.
  - (IV) Cattle from a certified brucellosis free herd.
- (V) Cattle from selected brucellosis free states designated by the Washington state veterinarian.
  - (ii) Cattle from Class B or C states.
- (A) Sexually intact females from other than certified brucellosis free herds in states classified B or C by the USDA shall not be imported into the state of Washington except for immediate slaughter at a federally inspected slaughter establishment.
- (B) Sexually intact males from Class B states which are test eligible, unless destined ((for a restricted feedlot or)) for immediate slaughter at a federally inspected slaughter establishment, must be negative to an official brucellosis test conducted within thirty days prior to date of entry and held on the premises of destination and kept separate from all other cattle for retest not less than forty-five nor more than one hundred twenty days from the date of the preentry test. Cattle not considered test eligible include:
  - (I) Calves under six months of age.
  - (II) Steers and spayed heifers.
  - (III) Cattle from a certified brucellosis free herd.
- (C) Sexually intact males from Class C states which are test eligible must be negative to two official brucellosis tests conducted prior to entry at least sixty days apart, the second test to be conducted within thirty days of entry. Those cattle shall be held on the premises of destination and kept separate from all other cattle for retest not less than forty-five nor more than one hundred twenty days from the date of the second negative preentry test. Cattle not considered test eligible include:
  - (I) Calves under six months of age.
  - (II) Steers and spayed heifers.
  - (III) Cattle from a certified brucellosis free herd.
  - (iii) Beef cattle eligible for brucellosis testing coming from class free or A

states or dairy cattle coming from Idaho, Montana, or Oregon may be moved to state-federal approved livestock markets in Washington to meet entry health requirements.

- (iv) Should brucellosis infection occur in the state of Washington as a result of importation of infected animals, all future importations from the state of origin shall be required to meet import regulations of the next lower classification. State regulatory officials of that state shall be notified and the lower classification entry requirement will be in effect for twelve months following notification to the state of origin.
- (b) Brucellosis vaccinates -- female dairy cattle. All female dairy cattle must be identified as official brucellosis vaccinates before entry into a dairy cow breeding herd. Except the following classes of cattle are exempt from this requirement:
  - (i) Calves under four months of age.
  - (ii) Those cattle, from a free state, consigned directly to a restricted feedlot.
  - (iii) Spayed heifers.
- (c) Brucellosis vaccinates -- female beef cattle. All female beef breed cattle must be identified as official brucellosis vaccinates before entry into a beef cow breeding herd, except the following classes of cattle are exempt from this requirement:
  - (i) Calves under four months of age.
  - (ii) Cattle from a free state sold or consigned to a restricted feedlot.
  - (iii) Spayed heifers.
- (d) Cattle from a certified brucellosis free country may be imported if the state veterinarian, upon being assured that to allow such cattle to enter would not create any jeopardy to the livestock industry of the state of Washington, issues a special permit for such entry.
- (3) Scabies. The office of the state veterinarian may require that any cattle from a known infected area be dipped at an official dipping facility within ten days of entry and, except those consigned to a federally inspected slaughter plant for immediate slaughter within fourteen days, be accompanied by an official interstate health certificate. Ivermectin may be used as an alternative to the dipping procedure for beef and nonlactating dairy animals.
  - (4) Vesicular stomatitis. The office of the state veterinarian may require that:
- (a) Any cattle be accompanied by an official interstate health certificate except those consigned to a federally inspected slaughter plant for immediate slaughter within fourteen days;
- (b) Dairy breed cattle be held separate and apart from all other cattle for a period of seven days at the point of destination and rechecked by an accredited veterinarian at the end of that period; except that dairy breed cattle from known infected areas shall not be allowed entry into the state; and
- (c) Beef breed cattle from known infected areas be held separate and apart from all other cattle for a period of thirty days either prior to entry or at the point of destination or both.
- (5) Temporary grazing permits. Herd owners desiring to move cattle into Washington for temporary grazing purposes must obtain a prior permit from the office of the state veterinarian. The state veterinarian may, if deemed necessary,

require a brucellosis herd test and/or an official health certificate for any cattle entering the state for grazing purposes. Applicants must also file an approved herd plan with the office of the state veterinarian to phase out all brucellosis nonvaccinates in the herd prior to January 1, 1988. Grazing permits shall be for one specified season only and shall be valid for movement to only that destination declared on the permit. A copy of the permit shall accompany any vehicle transporting cattle into the state for such temporary grazing purposes.